is a possibility that anything more can be done this yest toward the rescue of Lieutenant Greely and his command.

TAINLY SEEKING NEWS OF GREELY. DUNDER, Sept. 14.—The captain of an Arctic Strait reports that he made searching incuries of the natives along the coast, but learned

suries of the final to the Greely expedition.

Bething relating to the Greely expedition.

It is thought, however, by those who express these
pushos, that Lieutemant Greely, foreseeing the impracepushos, that Lieutemant Greely, foreseeing the impracetional to obey his escape on siedgees in the fail, and
desired to obey his peremptory orders to start down
desired to obey his peremptory orders to start down
desired to obey his peremptory orders to start down
desired and the september, may perhaps have
leaded his tailon as early in the summer, as open
shadoned his station as early in the summer, as open
shadoned his station as early in the summer, as open
shadoned his tailon as early in the summer, as open
shadoned his tailon or reach Littleton Island in
July Escape in this way hight be effected under
some green destroyed the station of the control
of the control of the control
of the control of the control
of the control of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control
of the control

LIEUT. GREELY'S CHANCE OF ESCAPE. IIIS SCIPLY OF PROVISIONS-HARDSHIPS AUTUMN SLEDGE TRAVELLING.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The officers of the signal Service here freely admit that the present situation of sflars in relation to Lieutenaat Greely is a serious one, but they do not regard it as in any sense there is no the first place, they say, Lieutenant Greely's party had originally a supply of provisions which was calculated to last three years, or until the er of 1884. This supply, they think, must have leraply augmented by the fish and game prole in the immediate vicinity of the Lady Franklin on, so that if the party romains there it will

Sound Station, so that it too party romains there it will not be in danger of etarvation before next summer. S General Hazen's orders to Lieut. Garlington, it is true, stand that the food supply of Lieutenant Greely's party would all be exhausted during the present fall, but it is aid at the Signal Office that this was an extreme statesel based upon the most unfavorable supposition as to the amount of consumption, waste, loss, etc., and allow for any care or economy to the use of food or for any increase of the available apply by means of hunting and fishing. It was a stateat of the worst possible aspect of the case, intended eminatize the necessity of relieving Lieutenant emphasize the necessity of relieving Lieutenant reely's party at once. It is positively asserted, there-es, by the acting chief signal officer, that, notwith-adiug the contrary statement in General Hazeu's ers to Lieutenaut Garlington, Lieutenaut Greely ha ensenough at the Lady Franklin Sound Station plot him until the summer of 1884 if he remains there suithat time. If, however, as seems more probable to beantherities here, he abandoned his station on Sep cuber I and retreated down the coast of Grinnell Land nth of Smith Sound, expecting to find there elist party and a depot of stores, his situation may ome critical. flow large a quantity of provisions he would find at

Cape Sabine and Littleton Island is not known, but it is hared that the supplies left there last year and small quantity saved from the Proteus would not maintain Lieutenant and his men at the mouth sound through the coming winter and if the party had shelter and fuel. Some help it be obtained from the Esquimaux of the Greenland could Lieutenant Greely find and open communition with them, but this is admitted to be an unceron reliance. It has been suggested that another ship sent from St. John's to the mouth of Smith Sound at sees, and also that a sledge be dispatched from Uper-sark up the Greenland coast, but no course of inture ion has as yet been decided upon. The War Depart-

set authorities say they can form no plans until they

sive fuller information from Lieutenant Garlington, The has been asked for suggestions. EXPERIENCE OF BRITISH OFFICERS.

as here who are not connected with the War o lary Departments, but who have long been interested research and are familiar with the history of ploration in Smith Sound, express grave doubts as to lity of Lieutenant Greely's party to retreat down coast of Grinnell Land on sledges after September Autumn sledge travel along that coast he dead 1875 to be practically impossible. Or September 8 to defend 1875 to be practically impossible. Or September 8 to dead party from the steamer Alert, under Lieutenat Rawson, attempted to open communications with mer Discovery, which was then in marters on the north aide of Lady Franklin Sound near ont Gregiey's present position. The party suc ded in getting only three miles from the ship and then ed the attempt. On October 2, a second sledge orly was sent down the coast for the same purpose, but mecessful at the end of ten days, having en mable to get more than nine miles from the ship. attempt was then abandoned for that season, About the same time Captain Stephenson, of the Dis

very, started from Lady Franklin Sound with a sledge party up the coast in the direction of the Alert. He coald get only six miles from the ship and returned with both sledges broken at the end of the dges broken at the end of the second day. A on from these experiments Captain Nares rted that autumn sledging along the coast of Grinbond was practically impossion.

ships of the expedition lay only seventy miles can on the same coast from August 26, 1875, to March without any possibility 20, 1876, nearly seven months, without any possibility

This fact alone, it is said, shows that Lieutenant Gree if with twenty-five men, some of them possibly in ill-balth, could hardly make an autumn sledge journey of more than 300 miles along the coast of Grinnell Land to Littleton Island. If, therefore, he waited at his staion until September 1, for the arrival of the relief mer, he is probably still there and will remain there atil next spring.

ARRIVAL OF PRESIDENT ARTHUR.

President Arthur arrived at the Jersey City of the Pennsylvania Railroad at 10:40 last eveniget of the Pennsylvania Railroad at 10.40 were his wate secretary, Mr. Phillips, and Marshal McMichael. Sec. The Fresident comes to attend the four-ral of left J. Hastings to-day. He will extend his visit Readly for three or four days. He has not yet decided brieff New port.

BANQUET OF THE AZTEC CLUB.

Memories of the Mexican War were awaklast evening at the annual banquet of the Aztec Cub, which took place at Pinard's, in East Fifteenth-st. ab was formed in 1847 in Mexico by the officers in can War, and they have since dined every year The auniversary of the entrance into the City of Mex-At the meeting beld in the afternoon several new bers were elected, the sons and near relatives of cans being eligible for admission to the club. The rearans being eligible for admission to the club. The some were handsomely decorated with flags and the havid's Island Band furnished music. Colonel Kencick president at the dinner; General Hancock, the resident of the club, being kept away by sickness in his landy, and General Grant, the vice-president, being in 18 West. About thirty officers were present, including Generals George A. H. Blaze, Alexander Shaler, A. Generals George A. H. Blaze, Alexander Shaler, A. Cay, Berjamin Alverd, W. R. Shatter, J. C. Roomson, A. J. Lindsay, Fitz John Porter, T. L. Crittenden, Van Des, James B. Fry, W. W. Loring, C. P. Stone, A. D. Pesslee, G. M. Wilcox, D. M. Frost, James Oakes, W. H. Paris, Dr. F. C. Van Viller, Colonel Bw. E. Church, Celonel Delancey, Floyd-Jours, Biddle Porter, Charles Badds, H. F. J. Porter and Professor H. Coppee, the Streeny. emely decorated with flags and the

TRANSATLANTIC TRAVELLERS.

Among the departures by steamers to-day to be the following: By steamer City of Richmond—nour Don Maximiliano Nachman (of Nicaragua), Slam B. Dowd, Dr. Oliver Dichl (U. S. N.), C. W. th, jr., W. Bradley, R. N. Graves, Miss S. B. Sherwood, Hamilton Graham, the Rev. and Mrs. J. M. Oldfather, L Sankey, C. P. N. Weatherly and Mr. and Mrs. W. Ratchinson. By the steamer Amérique—General acta Professor Perguson, Henry Penot, M. Riordan & E. N. Lewis. By the England—W. L. Hatch, the T. W. F. Hathaway, F. A. Ward and W. C. Rea. By Relief. divis...W. A. D. Husband, G. L. MacClelian, Dr. M. ves and the Rev. and Mrs. P. T. Easton. By the

Wassland—Dr. and Mrs. W. H. Burt, George Bordeo, Lamb, George Minot, Miss Minot, Mrs. M. B. Mills, George Minot, Miss Minot, Mrs. M. B. Mills, Geroine Kane Mills, Mrs. K. Moss, Miss Moss, J. Okkarrand Hyppolite Mail.

arrivals by the Red Star steamer Nederland index Dr. and Mrs. S. W. Andraws, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Ser, William M. Chase, A. Noel, Miss Noel, Mrs. F. E. Shad and Miss Nelite sitevans. The Revs. W. B. Har, John Scott, and C. F. Loop, and Dr. McLauchlan, and on the steamship State of Pennsylvania.

THE FUNERAL OF HUGH J. HASTINGS.

The body of Hugh Hastings arrived in this Stateday afternoon on a special train which left Branch at 4 o'clock, and was taken to St. Leo's East Twenty-eightn-st., where it remained A telegram from Secretary Folger was re-John Hasting, stating that the Secretary mable to be present at the funeral to-usy.

NOTES FROM NEWPORT. Sewrour, Sept. 14,-Mrs. Frederick Neil-

son, sister of Frederick Gebhard, Professor Gooch, the Trans-Continental Survey. H. Warren, of Texas, and Mrs. H. Turnbull, of New-York, have taken cottages for

The schooner yachts Foam and Atlanta are here. The Ocean House closes for the season to-morrow. Theodore M. Davis, of New-York, gave a dinner party at his villa to-night.

RAILWAY INTERESTS.

REQUIRING QUARTERLY REPORTS. THE RESOLUTION OF THE STATE BOARD OF RAIL-ROAD COMMISSIONERS. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 14.-The resolution of the State Board of Railroad Commissioners requiring quarterly reports from al. passenger and transportation ompanies, which was adopted recently, is as follows: companies, which was adopted recently, is as follows:

Resolved. That each railroad corporation in the State, in addition to their annual report to the Board of Railroad Commissioners, be required to make quarterly reports to the Board, to be sworn to by the Ancitor or other accounting officer, as the case may be, the first report to be made for the quarter ending September 30, 1883. Such reports shall be made within six weeks from the close of the quarter, and shall be made by all railroads and railwavs and the corporations, receivers, trustees or directors owning or operating the same; also by all sleeping and drawing-room car companies or other corporations and all other associations, partnerships, companies or corporations engaged in transporting passengers or freight upon any railway, as lessees or otherwise.

The Board finds its authority to require these reports in section 4, chapter 355 of the Laws of 1882, which gives the neminal supervision of all railroads and railways and the power to examine into their condition. The same section provides that the "Board of The same section provides that the "Board of Railroad Commissioners shall have power for the various duties provided for in this act, to examine the books and affairs of any railroad company or corporation, . . . to compel the production of copies of books and papers, . . to require copies of books and papers, or abstracts thereof, . . to be sent to them. Section 7 says every railroad corporation shall at all times, on request, furnish the said Board of Commissioners any necessary information required by them concerning the condition, management and operation of its railroad, etc., and furnish provides that any agent, officer or employs of the company or corporation who shall, after due notice, nexical or refuse to make or furnish any statement or report required by said Commissioners, or who shall hinder, delay or obstruct them, shall be guilty of a misdemeasor. The Board proposes to enforce the resolution and to require the quarterly reports to be made.

CUTTING PASSENGER RATES.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14 .- There is a tack of harmony among the trunk lines on passenger rates between Chicago and Buffalo. A secret meeting of the passenger agents of these lines was held to-day, which, it is understood, cuded in considerable ill-feeling, and, as a result, it is stated that the Grand Trunk and Niagara Falis Lines will temorrow marning approunce a first-class Lines will to-morrow morning announce a first-class rate between the points named of \$10, a cut of \$2 from the regular tariff, and a second-class rate of \$9, a cut of \$1.

MISCELLANEOUS RAILWAY INTELLIGENCE. Commissioner Daniels, of the Colorado Pool Association, has issued a circular letter withdrawing Colorado tourist tickets from sale after to-day. The tickets already issued will not be accepted by the rail-roads composing the association after the end of this mouth. The Railroad Commissioners will meet at the Chamber

of Commerce on Tuesday, September 25, to hear comof Commerce on Research, September 25, on the State of the New-York Central and Hudson River Railroad and also on that of ligating the Albaoy Station at night.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 14.—President F. B. Gowen, William H. Vanderbilt and party reached this city from Reading about noon to-day, after an inspection of the Reading road and branches. They went over the Richmond coal branch to Port Richmond. Some of the party rode with Mr. Gowen on the

Some of the party rode with air. Goven on the Ariel, a small, special car with locomotive attachments which preceded the train. At Port Richmond the great coal wharves were inspected.
CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—E. Dwight, receiver of the Toledo, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway, made application in the United States Court to-day, for an injunction restraining the Central Trust Company of New-York from oreclosing a mortgage against the road for a large sum, claiming that such action would embarrass him in hand ling the property for the benefit of the declined to issue a formal injunctior opinion that the receiver was right at a.s.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 14.—In the House to-day the

Fovernor's veto of the Railroad Commission bill was sustained by a vote of 252 to 16, and a new bill provid-

sustained by a voic of 202 to 10, and a new our provincing for the appointment of the commissioners by the Governor and Council was passed under a suspension of the rules.

The Senate, under a suspension of the rules to-day, passed the bill incorporating the Southern Pacific Company, which proposes to consolidate a number of large railroad and steamboat lines connecting Texas and the south. CHICAGO, Sept. 14.-The Pan Handle route began

celling tickets from Chicago to Louisville at \$6, being \$3 less than the regular rate. The Pan Handle officials to-day concluded to give the public the full benefit of reduced rates instead of getting scalpers to do the busi-TORONTO, Sept. 14.—Careful investigation of the story

sent from Ottawa yesterday that the Government had objected to the building of a bridge across the St. Law-rence at Ogden's Island by the Ottawa, Waddington and New-York Railway Bridge Company, develops the fact d, between Floeberg Beach and Lady Franklin that although one of the directors of the enterprise was was practically impossible. The two authority for the statement made, it is wholly baseless. An interview at Ottawa with the Acting Minister of Railways was had to-day, and that official stated there was no truth whatever in the allegations.

INQUIRY INTO THE RAILWAY COLLISION.

THE ACCIDENT ATTRIBUTED TO THE FAILURE TO APPLY THE HAND-BRAKES.

The inquest into the cause of the Long Island Ratiroad disaster in Long Island City on Tuesday evening was begun before Coroner Roomson in tha place last night. W. E. Rogers, of the State Ratiroad Commission, and District-Attorney Downing were present. General Superintendent I. D. B. rton testified that in his opinion the whole crew of the Manhattan train was responsible for the accident. The brakemen should have put on the hand-brakes. There were two brakemen on the train and these were sufficient. Hand-brakes could have controlled the train if pplied in time. Thomas Glenn, the engineer of the Manhattan

swore that the brakes were in order when he left the beach. good order when he left the beach. At East New-York he found that the air brakes had given out. The witness saw the conductor, who said: "Go on; we'll use the hand brakes. He stopped at Cooper-ave. examined the brakes and went on. He stopped the steam, but the train kept on. He used a little steam near Biesvalle. On rounding the curve he saw the stopped the steam, but the train kept on. He used a little steam near Biesvalle. On rounding the curve he saw the strain seat against him at the switch where the accident occurred. The witness blew the long whistle, but did not receive an immediate answer. The train was running at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. He blew down brakes, but met with no answer, and then blew again, but still received no answer. He feit that the train was not stopping. That was a quarter of a mile from the scene of the sceident. He kept on blowing the signals, and about 400 yards from the junction he reversed his engine and gave it steam. He siso opened the said-box. The cars of the Long island Railroad, he said, were biginer than the Manhattau cars, and an extra piece of hose had been attached at Long Island City to the air-brakes for this reason. This was probably torn away by striking the track at East New-York. The conductor had coarge of the rate of speed. If the hand-brakes had been applied when he winstled, the witness believed that the train could have been stopped.

Thomas Middleton, the conductor, testified that at East New-York he found that the hose had given out, and he stopped the train by the hand-brakes. The carsineer told him that the orance had given out, and he stopped the train by the hand-brakes. The cars mere told him that the orance had given out, and he stopped the train by the hand-brakes. The cars interest his engine. The reas he heard the engineer signal down bridge at Bissville, he witness heard the whistle for braces, stopped collecting als tekets and applied the brakes had told the witness that he had applied the brakes were not used to stop the train lowe At East New-York he found that the air brakes had

enough.

The examination will be continued on Monday next at 8 p. m.

THE AMERIQUE AND THE ST. GERMAIN. To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: I am anxious to supplement my statement published in yesterday's TRIBUNE, and hastily given to your reporter at the moment of landing, with an acknowledgment certainly due to the Compagnic an acknowledgment certainly due to the Compagnic Générale Transatiantique, and in particular to the officers of the Amérique for their liberal endeavor in uninstering to the comfort of the passengers of the St. Germain, both in Plymouth and on board the Amérique. Without entering into the cause of the accident itself, it is but justice to say that everything that could possibly be done, was done toward alleviating its painful con-sequences to the sufferers—hotel bills (some of them ex-travagant) were settled without an objection, and every reasonable and unreasonable wish satisfied so far as possible, through the untiring courtesy of the purser, Mr. de Bremond. Thanks are also due to several officers and passengers for their ready response to our efforts in arranging a solveé musicale for the banefit of the reaven families of the saliors on the Woodburn. We gratefully acknowledge, especially, the aid of Mr. Resistant purer, and votation of the Saliors on the Woodburn. We Ruequoy, finitat, late director of concerts in Beigium, and Mr. Lefebvre, a violencellist, both members of Maurice Grau's Lyric Company, of M. de Gavardie, assistant purer, and violinist of the impromptu company; of several lady passengers and of Mr. Bret, correspondent of the Gil Blas.

Acce-Vork, September 14, 1883.**

Acce-Vork, September 14, 1883.**

THE REPUBLICAN PRIMARIES.

Continued From First Page

vote, only one of the delegates being scratched five times. The total number of votes cast was 366. The number of votes cast last year was about 225. The ticket elected was: Delegates—Clarence W. Meade, Anson G. McCook. Dayid Michell, Henry L. Sprague. Alternates—Carsen G. Archibaid, John P. Windolph, Elijah M. Fisher, Knor McAfee.

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT. The primary election in the XIVth Assembly District, held at First-ave., and Eleventh st., was a peaceful affair. No opposition was made to the regular ticket. There were 123 votes cast, about twenty of them by Republicans not members of the District Association. "This is the fourteenth consecutive time I have been elected to represent the district at the State Convenion," said ex-Coroner Brady when the result was antion," suid ex. Coroner Brady when the result was unnounced by Supervisor Andrew H. Milligan; "that's
a record of which I am rather prend. Tell you what,
young men, this way of conducting the primary election
is about the correct thing. Next time we shall have a
larger number of outsiders interested than we had this
time." The tacket elected was
Delegates—John H. Brady and Froderick Staats.
Alternates—Samuel D. Folsam and George Fritz.

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT.

More there there easily engines guarded the doors and

More than thirty police officers guarded the doors and the polls at No. 472 Eighth-ave, last evening while the primary election of the XVth Assembly District was being held there. Their services were needed. The elec-tion was one continuous wrangle from the opening to the closing of the polls. It was a revival of the old factional contest that has made this district the most inharmonious of any in the city. The machine faction, absolute control, but that did not prevent its independent opponents, whose ticket had the name of Henry G. Leaskat the top, from making a plucky fight. The first aproar grose when William Haynes, the only Leask inspector, was sworn in. Some of the machine men discovered that Haynes's name was on the independent ticket to be voted for as a delegate, and he was challenged. He declared that he had not known of his nomination, and at once give in his declination as a candidate. The other inspectors, however, declared that he was a candidate and incligible as an inspector, and they made alm give way to Patrick Kiernau, whom they chose in his place. Mr. Leask and his associates protested stoutly against this, but vainly. The number of voters who crowded to the polis was large. Many of them, Mr. Leask said, he knew had ordinarily voted the Democratic ticket; he declared that they had been brought in to carry the election for the machine, and he challenged them. Each of them was sworn and was asked if he was a citizen of the United States and a voter in the district, and "if he intended to vote with the Re-publican party at the next election." Each person and "if he intended to vote with the Republican party at the next election." Each person challenged answered these questions in the affirmative. Mr. Leask and his associates then insisted that the voter should have the test question put to him, whether he voted for the Garfield and Arthur electors in 1850. The inspectors in every case refused so to do, and they were sustained by the supervisor, Dr. J. E. M. Lordiy, who was also a candidate for delegate on the machine ticket. The ground of this action was that the act of 1883 allowed the association under whose anapices the primary was held to fix the qualifications of voters, and that the association had decladed that any person who expressed an intention to vote for the Republican theset in the future might vote. Mr. Leask and Mr. Hunter asked the inspectors if they did not feel bound by the action of the Central Committee, and they answered that they did not. A few minutes before 10 of clock it was discovered that Inspector Kiernan had not been sworn. Then it was demanded of Mr. Leask that he swear him as a notary public. Mr. Leask refused, although he was threatened with all manner of prosecutions. At least two persons came to the pools whose votes the inspectors refused. When the polits were cosed Mr. Leask and Martin L. Hollister, who was a candidate on the same ticket, male formal profess against the irregularities. Inc. Lydecker ticket was declared to be elected over the Leash ticket by a vote of 257 to 101. Following is the ticket declared to be elected over the Leash ticket by a vote of 257 to 101. Following is the ticket declared to be elected:

Delegates—John R. Lydecart, Hosen Higgins, J. E. M. Lordiy, M. D.; Frank A. Asmuss. Alternates.—Francis O'Beirne, George B. Levy, Wilham H. Jones, Jacob Lowenhaupi.

The election will be contested. Following is the con-

O'Beirac, George B. Levy, William H. Jones, Jacob Lowenhaupt. The election will be contested. Following is the con

The election will be contested. Polawing is the testing tick t:
Delegates.—Henry G. Leask, Martin L. Hollister, Isaac
J. Eiskind, B. F. Anderson. Alternates—James Curnen,
Daniel M. Robinson, James Collins, tronge A. Narse.
None of the voters for the latter fieldst were members
of the association.

The election of delegates in the XVIth Assembly Dis-trict was uneventful. There was not an incident which happened to disturb the even tenor of the balloting. The election was held in Rose Hill Hall, at No. 427 Secondave. The polls were opened at 7 p. m., and votes were received for three nours. From the time that Cornellus S. Conkiin, the supervisor of the election, entered the room, a lew minutes before the voting began, until the ballot-boxes were closed, there was a steady stream of ballot-boxes were closed, there was a steady stream of Republicans depositing their ballots. When Ecastus B. Cowan, James Furrell and John J. Gilligan, the inspectors, counted the ballots, they found 260 straight tickets; there was not a single scratch. The number of votes poiled at the primary election in 1882 was 150; the average number of ballots polled within the last ten years has been 180; but 200 members of the district association presented themselves at the polls last night. The number of members on the roll of the association is 400, but the entire number has never been polled. The number of Republicans who were not con-

Michael Cregan, the president of the district associaion, was rejoicing within himself at the success of the movement toward harmony in his district when a TRIBUNE reporter met hin. "A success!" exclaimed the Captain. "Unparalleled. I appreciate the promptness with which the Independent Republicans respond to-night, because I was one of the first to suggest to John ness with which the Independent Republicans respond to-night, because I was one of the first to auggest to John J. O'Brien the advisability of this movement. You can see how harmonious we are in this district by the condition of the ballots. There is not a stratch in the lot. I think this liberal spirit which has spring from the committee of Egitteen is affording the utmost satisfaction to every Republican in the city. Union means in politics, as in everything else, not alone strength but victory. We have a strong Democratic district here, when polls for its party 4,000 voice. The largest number of Republican votes ever polled in the XiIIth District was in 1880, when 2,200 were deposited in the builds. The regular vote of our party amounts to only 1900. So you see that when we manage to get 260 votes at a primary we have reason to feel satisfied. I noticed six y faces at the polis to-night that I have never seen in our meedings, but they were all Republicans of good standing. There was not a canlienge made. Everything was harmonious. The delogates will not be instructed. Tacy are representative men and are supposed to have minds of tuel own. I am griad to see that the Republican newspapers are disposed to encourage this movement, for I suggested to the committee that it would give strength to our Convention if we had the editors with us."

The following ticket was elected: Delegates—Michael Cregan, Cornelius S. Conkim and Edward S. Goss. All cemstes—Richard M. Luna, Frederick J. Starr and Proderick S. Eayre. The men are all memoers of the association.

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT. The XVIIth Assembly District held its primary election yesterday at the headquarters of the District Association, No. 341 West Forty-seventh-st. The polis were open from 3 to 10 p. m. in the evening. A postal card was sent to each member informing him of the election and acquainting him with the new amendment as to the requirements of voters. Promptly at 3 o'clock Colonel S. V. B. Cruger appeared at the polls and presented his credentials as supervisor of election. His credentials consisted of a letter from John I. O'srien informing him of his appointment. He was informed by President John McClave that the associa tion had decided not to recognize him as a supervisor, but as a citizen and a Republican he was welcome to re main and inspect the methods adopted at a primary election by the association. Mr. McClave further informed him that the Central Committee in amending the constitution had only amended Article XI so far as it applied to the qualifications of voters and so farther. The article in question provides two inspectors of election shall be elected at the annual election and a third inspector be appointed by the officers of the association one week prior to the holding of the primary election. The article further provides that hey shall proceed in the canvass of the ballots in the manner required by law for canvassing for State elec-tions in this city, which is done solely by the inspectors of election. The by-laws governing this association say that no one not a member, except representatives of the press and policemen on duty, shall be allowed in the room during the holding of the election, and it shall be the duty of any officer of the association to enforce this regula tion. It is provided, however, that the inspectors may in their discretion permit members in good standing from other regular Republican associations to be present so long as tany do not attempt to influence or in any way interfere with the election and no longer. "These are the rules and regulations governing our district association," said Mr. McClave, and the state law governing primary elections distinctly says that we must note our primary elections according to the regulations governing the association." When Mr. McClave had finished, Mr. Cruger accepted the invitation to remain iera a shert time and stayed until-haif past five. On taking his leave he thanked Mr. McClave for his courteous treatment and tola him that hat thought his point was well taken. Mr. McClave said to a reporter of The Thibunn last evening that he had been instructed by the executive committee at a special meeting on Wednesday evening that m case a supervisor came to the primary election he should explain to him that, under the constitution and by-laws governing the association, the association could not see its way clear to recognize him in his official capacity as a supervisor. Colonel Cruger went directly from the heavy waters of the has sociation to his summer home at Oyster Bay, Long Laind.

The inspectors of the election were Charles A. Grant, tion. It is provided, however, that the inspectors may

tage of the new amendment. One young man who had voted at the State elections for the Republican candidates, and had attained his majority since the Federal election of 1880, was refused permission to vote. There were 418 votes cast, and there are 954 names on the roll of membership. The following were elected:

Delegates—John McClave, Robert Gordon, James W. Perry, Rienard J. Lewis, Alternates—Eben Demarest, Robert White, Alex. Carmichael, jr., Isaac Kaufmann.

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT..

The primary in the XVIIIth District was held at No. 498 Third-ave., and was extremely quiet. There was an increase in the number of votes cast as compared with previous years. There was no contest, and few challenges was made. Little reference was made to the roll of the association, the statement that the voter had east his ballot for Garfield and Arthur in 1880 being accepted as sufficient warrant for receiving all votes.
No tally was kept. About 20 per cent of the voters' names were not on the roll. The following were elected:
Delegaces—Eduumd Stephenson, George M. Van Nort, Joseph P. Jardine. Alternates—Samuel J. Storrs, John Wattsaufer, William D. Hatch.

NINETEENTH DISTRICT.

The delegates chosen in the XIXth District were not the delegates to the State Convention, but to an Assembly District Convention which will meet to night Assembly District Convention which will meet to high at Sixty-seventh-st, and West Boulevard, when the representatives of the district will be elected to go to Rienfield Springs. There were two politing places and thirty-four delegates were selected, twenty-four at oue place find ten at the other. There was no opposition manifested, but there is a rivalry between the different sections of the district, which extends from Fifty-second-st. to Souvien Duyvil, west of Seventhave. a part of the di stance and Eighth-ave. the rest. The Twenty-second Ward Association held its election at Sixty-seventh-st. and West Boulevard. Charles H. Knox. from the XX st District, had been appointed the super-visor of election, and he expressed his approval of the harmonicus feeling exhibited. There was no opposition to the regular ticket, for which 165 votes were cast, thirty votes being deposited by men who were not members of the District Association, which numbers rolled on the book of the association were obliged to swear that they voted for the Republican Electoral ticket in 1880. Among those compelled to take this oath was ex-Appraiser Howard. There was no Bible used in administering the oath. The ballot-box consisted of a box with an aperture three inches with and more than a foot in length, where the ballots were deposited. Ex-Alderman Alexander Martin and James Linders were the inspectors of elections, and Mr. Martin was one of the twenty-four persons chosen to select the delegates to-night. Charles F. Bruder, the president of the association, said that he was one of the casdidates for election to-night.

Leroy B. Crane, of the XXIIId District was the supervisor at the Twelfin Ward Association of the XIXth District, and he forbade two of the candidates for election to the Assembly District Convention to act as inspectors. Wishing to perform the latter duty, they ensed their names from the ballots and substituted two other names. The theket thus completed received no opposition. There were sixty-one votes cast, seven coming from men who were not members of the association. The roll numbers about 400 names. The choice of this association for delegate to the State Convention is Andrew Blenkiey, the president of the association, with Gilbert R. Hawes as alternate. and more than a foot

At the primaries of the XXth Assembly District 250 otes were cast. Of these, 175 were cast by members of the District Association and 75 by other Republican the District Association and 75 by other Republicans.
The votes of twenty persons were challenged. The foltowing ticket received 200 vides, and was elected:
Delegates—Daniel G. Rollins, Robert Betty, Daniel
Lewis, M. D. Aiternates—Cuarles Leitz, John R.
Sniedis, Bernari Schwartz.

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT. The only opposition to the regular ticket in the XXIst Assembly District was to the name of Joseph Hart, for which that Theodore Roosevelt was substituted on many of the pallots. The election was marked by a slim attendance, but several persons who have not taken part in a primary necting for years were present. The District Association numbers over 700 members, but the vote was only 134. Of this number, however, 34 ballots were cast by Republicans not members of the association. The opposition to Mr. Hart was not successful; he received 76 sition to Mr. Hart was not successful; he received 76 votes to Mr. Rooseveli's 55. The other delegates were elected almost unanimously. At the meeting of the Executive Committee of the association on the previous evening, United States District-Attorney Root opposed the selection of Mr. Hart as one of the delegates with much spirit. Mr. Root was present a sport time at the election last night, but he took no active part in the canvass. He said that, in his opinion, Mr. Hart did not represent the best elements of the Republican party in the district and that he could not give him a vote consistently with that opinion.

J. Ringelander Dilion and George P. Nelson were active in opposition to Mr. Hart. Jacob Hess,

J. Rbinelander Dilion and George P. Nelson were active in opposition to Mr. Hart. Jacob Hess a recognized Republican leader in the district, said that he was surprised at the small attendance at the election because the invitation to all members of the party was open and genuine. At previous meetings the vote had run up to about 280, and he was unable to account to his own satisfaction for the little interest in the result shown by the great bulk of the party. The ticket elected was:

Delegates—Chauncey M. Depew, Edwin Einstein, Joseph Hart, Salem H. Wales, Alternates—De Witt C. Ward, Henry A. Barnum, N. Gano Dunn, George R. Catheart.

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT.

Quiet and harmony prevailed in the XXIId Assembly District, and of those who voted a large proportion had long been in arms against the District Asso ciation. The total number of votes cast was 167, of which 142 were cast by members of the District Association and nected with the association, but who voted last night, 25 by other Republicans. None of the votes were challenged and the only vote refused was that of a young who had become of age since the last Pre

man who had become of age since the last Presidential election, and who, therefore, could not say that he has voted for Garfield and Arthur. The following ticket was elected without opposition:

Delegates—John F. Williams, J. C. Julius Langbein, Joseph L. Periey. Alternates—Charles E. Quackenbush, Samuel E. Hamburger, Charles Breiswedel. TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT.

Smoke coming up through the floor of Kelly's Hall, at One-hundred and thirtieth st. and Third-ave., caused a slight stir among the depublicans who were attending the primary election in the XXIIId Assembly District nast night. Quiet was soon restored when it was explained that the smoke came from a fire the hall. This was the only incident that ruffled the erenity of the election. The attendance was larger than usual, and the utmost good feeling prevailed be tween the members of the two factions, which in times past have made the primaries scenes of disorder. As emblyman Leroy B. Crane was absent attending to the duties of a supervisor in another district, but his sup-porters hobnobbed with the followers of Frank Raymond, the leader of the "machine" party. Only one ticket was in the field, a union having een agreed upon at a caucus on Toursday night. At the last August meeting of the District Association a emulitee of five was appointed, to which were added five members of the Young Men's Republican Club (the anti-Raymond organization) to control the coming campaign. On Thursday, a caucus cailed by this com mittee agreed upon the ticket by a vote of about 155 against 32 votes cast for delegates nominated by the action in the Young Men's Republican Club which owes

llegiance to Appraiser Ketchum. The vote at the primary election was 302, and 65 votes were cast by persons whose names were not on the District Association's rolls. It was stated that some voices were refused because they were offered by young men who were not qualified at the last Presidential election to vote. There are about 1,200 names on the rolls of the association. The namal vote at the primaries, except when there is a factional contest, is about 150. Ex-Alderman Donald McLeau said: "We have worked hard to bring out a full Republican vote. Over 1,000 circulars were sent out to individuals, in addition to advertisements in the papers. We could do nothing more to induce the best element of people to vote at the prin aries except to earry the ballot-box to their parlors." Mr. Raymond carry the ballot-box to their parlors," Mr. Raymond said that the party organization now was barmonious and the outlook was encouraging. He thought that every Republican candidate in the district would be elected this autum. Colonel Colvin, of the Crane party, expressed similar riews. In addition to the regular inspectors at the election John Mulligan, a member of the Young Men's Clab, actet as a third inspector. J. C. J. Langbein was the supervisor. There was a little scratching, out the union tleket was elected Messra. Eagleson and Colvic and their atternates represent the Crane and Messra. Webster and Porter and their alternates the Raymond element. The following was the ticket chosen:

Delegates—John A. Eagleson, George P. Webster, James A. Colvin, David F. Porter. Alternates—John E. Yau de Carr, LeRoy S. Dowey, William R. Spooner, Frank B. Highet.

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT.

In the annexed district, which forms the XXIVth Assembly District, the voting was light. The election for the Twenty-third Ward was held at Central Hall, Thirdave. and One-nundred-and-fiftieth-st. Hugh S. Camp acted as supervisor. Twenty-one delegates were elected to the Assembly District Convention to be held to-day at Central Hall which will elect delegates to the State Covnention. Special efforts had been made by the State Covnention. Special efforts had been made by the officers of the ward association to inform all Republicans of the primary election. There were 173 votes ast, of which twenty-two came from nor-members of the association. There was only one ticket and no contest. The association has 1,100 enrolled members and the Republican vote at the last Presidential electino was about 2,700. In the Twenty-fourth Ward posters had been distributed in all praminent places thoughout the district inviting all Republicans to attend the primary election which was held in One-aundred-and-seventy-seventi-si., between Washington-st, and Fourth-ave. In addition to this the secretary sent out about 200 postal ear is to Republicans not members of the association. The total number of votes cast was forty-sight of which number, six were east by Republicans not members of the association. The usual Republican vote in the ward is between 500 and Island.

The inspectors of the election were Charles A. Grant, Charles E. Mott and Edward Richards. There was only one ticket and consequently no opposition. A few names were scratched. Only thirty-taree took advanby Republicans not members of the association.
usual Republican vote is the ward is between 500
000. James E. Marvin acted as supervisor. At Ki

bridge two delegates to the District Convention were elected by a light vote.

SMYTH DEFEATED IN ALBANY.

THE PRESIDENT QUOTED AGAINST HIM-EXCITE-MENT AMONG POLITICIANS.

ALBANY, Sept. 14.-Contrary to expectation the Hd Assembly District Republican Convention held in this city to-day was a quiet one. Andrew S. Draper, Charles W. Mead, Austin S. Kibble, Thomas Davidson and Smith O'Brien were chosen delegates to the State Convention. All are Praper men, and Mr. Praper is the head centre of the fight against John F. Smyth, which was started in the Hd District Convetion last night, and which was expected to cause a contest in to

day's convention.

It is stated this evening that many of the delegates to It is stated this evening that many of the delegates to the convention were friendly to Mr. Smyth and were disposed to show their friendliness, but that defore the assembling of the convention they were met by the Surveyor of Customs, John A. Ludy, and the Collector of Internal Revenue, James W. Bentley, who said they had authority to state that President Arthur was deeply and earnestly desirous of the complete overthrow of Mr. Smyth. This it is asserted, resulted in the election of a Draper delegation. Mr. Smyth's remaining friends are furforts over the result. They assert that the action of Messrs. Ludy and Bentley was a clear assumption and that President Arthur has not forsaken Mr. Smyth. Of the fifteen delegates to the Richfield Convention five are for Draper for member of State Committee and six for Smyth for that position, while four are doubtful though probably Draper men. Fourteen of the fifteen were originally Smyth men, but the newly developed fight has resulted in an almost even division of that faction. There is great excitement in Albany political irche over the singular events of yesterday and to-day.

DELEGATES FROM MANY POINTS.

RESULT OF ELECTIONS TO DIFFERENT CONVEN-

ALBANY, Sept. 14 .- The Republicans of the st Reusselaer District have elected Benjamin H. Hall, Gilbert Geer, jr., Charles A. Meeker and W. E. Kissel-burg delegates to the Richfield Springs Convention.

TROY, Sept. 14.-The Republicans of the HIId Asset Stanhoesen, Charlos Gantz, Edward P. Rockefeller and Henry M. Haskell delegates to the State Couvention. Cooperstown, Sept. 14.—Delegates to the State Convention elected from the 1st District of Otsego County are P. D. Fay, Dr. L. H. Hills and J. N. Tyler. Senatorial delegates are J. W. Barnum, Dr. L. H. Hills, E. O. Beach, and were instructed for Andrew Davidson, Editor of The Otsego Republican. The Judicial delegate is J. W. Barnum, instructed for E. M. Harris.

WEEDSPORT, Sept. 14.—At the Ist District Convention of Cayuga County, hold at Weedsport, the following del gates were chosen: State—James Lyon, of Auburn Samuel J. Mack, of Weedsport; George L. Post, of Ster ing; and B. M. Wilcex, of Anburn. Senatorial-D. W Adams, of Auburn ; E. R. Robinson, of Sterling ; C. J Adward, of Ira: G. W. Nellis, of Auburn; C. J. Wethey, of Throop—all for Evans for Senator. Judiciary—W. E. Hughitt, of Auburn; F. D. Wright, of Auburn; A. P. Rich, of Ira: Instructed for H. V. Howland, of Auburn, for Justice of Supreme Court.

ITBACA, Sept. 14.—The Republicans of this town held a caucus this evening to elect delegates to the Republian County Convention to be held here to-morrow I'wenty-nine men were selected who are in favor of H Twenty-nine men were selected who are in involved in Boardman Smith, of Eimira, for Supreme Jedge. This viriually means that the county will send Smith delegates to the Judicial Convention. A message of congratulation was sent Judge Smith by Judge Lyons, of this place, on the result of the cancus.

SALAMANCA, Sept. 14.—Elijah Schoonmaker, C. Z. Linger, of the cancus of the canc

coin and Albert Haie are the delegates from the Hd District of Cattaraugus County to the State Convention. O. S. Vreeland and S. V. Wheaton are delegates to the Judicial Convention. They are in favor of A. D. Scott, the present County Judge of this county, for Justice of the Supreme Court. LOCKPORT, N. Y., Sept. 14.—The delegates to the Re

publican State Convention from the Hd District of Ningara County are S. M. Robinson, William C. Grant and J. H. Rowe. ARRANGEMENTS AT RICHFIELD SPRINGS.

RICHFIELD SPRINGS, N. Y., Sept. 14 .- The proprietors of the New American Rotel, the headquarters of the Republican State Committee, have made ample arrangements to accommodate 800 guests at the oming State Convention, and the Spring House will accommodate an equal number. The Wigwan has been completed and the electricians are now putting in the lights. The Western Union Telegraph Company has completed the connections for ten wires to New York City. Every preparation has been made for a large assemblage, including facilities for receiving more than 100 cars at the railroad depoi.

DELEGATES TO BUFFALO.

ALBANY, Sept. 14.-The regular Democrats of the Hd District of Renssalaer County bave elected f. Russel Parsons, Ira B. Ford and John M. Galligan, Cleveland men, as delegates to the Buffalo Convention Contesting delegates from the Fifth and Thirteenth Wards of Troy were excluded from the convention. The Independent Democrate of Rensailer will hold conventions and send opposing delegations to Buffalo.

NYACK, N. Y., Sept. 14.—Fig. Rockiand County Demo

erats to-day elected delegates as follows: To the State Convention - William Hutton, John W. Feiter and Orlando Humphrey; to the Sanatorial Convention Thomas Dinan, Nicholas Murphy, Tunis Blauvelt, Joseph B. Van Houten and Charles Kirkpatrick; and to the Judiciary Convention, America Falion.

THE DEFEAT OF HARMONY NEGOTIATIONS.

O SURPRISE CAUSED BY THE ACTION OF THE COUNTY DEMOCRACY-TAMMANY'S ACTION.

The action of the County Democracy on Thursday evening respecting the invitations of Tam-many and Irving Halls to an elaborate harmony banquet caused little surprise in the organizations which had ssued the invitations. The announcement that the County Democracy recused all overtures looking to the election of a united delegation to Buffalo, and that it would proceed to hold primaries open to all Democrats, was not much commented on yesterday. This action had evidently been expected.

President Reilly, of the Board of Aldermen, said "Yes, the arrangements for a harmonious delegation to the State Convention have failed through, and I am sorry for it. The people desire that there shall be entire agreement in the party's councils, but it is evidently ndesirable among a certain class of politicians so, I cannot say. What will Tammany do now ! I sucsee that it will proceed precisely as though no nego tiations for peace had ever been mentioned. Tammany will elect its delegates to the State Convention, and that body will decide as it did last year how large a represcutation it will receive."

" Was Tammany satisfied last year !" "Oh, yes. We received one-third-twenty-four out o seventy-two delegates. We should have had half. Probably this year the delegation will be divided in the proportion adopted by the Police Commissioners in ap-

proportion adopted by the Police Commissioners in apportioning the election inspectors, which was five-involtats to Tammany, five-twelfths to the County Democracy, and two-twelfths to frying Hall."

Sheriff Davidson said that so far as Irving Hall was concerned the efforts toward harmony in the local Democratic ranks were new looked upon as having failed. Harmony meant tarmony all round, and as the County Democracy had refused to come to the feast and to stretch its legs beacath the family oak, nothing was to be done except to abandon all nope of choosing a single delegation to the Convention. Irving Hall would send a full delegation to Buffale. Mr. Davidson added that Mr. Coehran would prepare to-day a communication to Tammany Hall, announcing its purpose to withdraw from the present negotiations, as they can have no useful result.

result.

The Tammany Hall General Committee met last evening. E. T. Wood, the chairman of the sub-committee
which drew up the letter presenting the harmony resointions to the County Democracy and to Irving Hall, intions to the County Democracy and to Irving Hair, made a report.

He said in part: "We are likewise disappointed that our friends the County Democracy have not looked at the matter involved in the same light as we do. But you must consider that the organization is in [a peculiar position with respect to the State Committee; that if the County Democracy had taken any steps toward harmony they would have had to disregard the resolution of the committee declaring them the regular organization and putting into their hands the calling of the rejuncties."

tion and partial from the county Democracy was then read. In The reply of the County Democracy was then read. In Commenting on it Aleqander Thain said that the communication of Tammany's committee had been misunderstood. No apport toment of delegates from New-York had been proposed, but only a convention for the York had been proposed, but only a convention for the York had been proposed, but only a convention for the purpose of bringing about harmony.

Joan Keily said: By the recommendation of the Committee on Contested Seats adopted by the convention last year it was meant that the State Committee should come to New-York and supervise the primaries. In delegating that power to the County Democracy the committee should have seen that this course acknowledges no other organization than the County Democracy. I am sure that this course acknowledges no other organization than the County Democracy. I am sure that in making answer to us the County Democracy have not considered properly the matter. We reflected that every real dividuo in the party means defeat. Our experience proves it. In conclusion Mr. Keily said that if regularly meant anything it meant a majority, and that the designation should go to that nortion of the party which could clearly prove that it had the greatest number of votes.

Colonel Wood proposed that his sub-committee should address another letter to the County Democracy.

nel Wood proposed that. his sub-Colonel Wood proposed that. Its sub-committee should address another letter to the County Democracy, cailing attention to their misapprehension of the previous communication. John B. Haskin rose and well-mently declared that it would be derogatory to the organization to send another word to the faction whose answer, that read, was an insult. With a few dissentient voices, however, the whole matter was referred back to the auth-committee. Colonel Wood explaining that he simply wished to complete the record for the State Convention.

ROBBERY OF HOTEL PROPERTY.

BROCKTON, Mass., Sept. 14.-Francis Barry, allas "Frank" Keiley, came here from Newport a year ago, opened a tea store and took charge of the Belment

Hotel. Last July he sold the store and started for New-port, leaving the hotel in charge of his alleged wife, who soon after went to New-York, leaving the hotel to run itself. The owner of the hotel, upon investigation, found about \$10,000 of furniture and other articles missing. Barry was arrested.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS.

Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours.
WASHINGTON, Sept. 15-1 a. m.-Local rains WASHINGTON, Sept. 19—1 a. in.
prevailed in the South Atlantic and Gulf States, North
ren New-England and the Northwest, and fair weather continues in the Middle Atlentic States, the Onic Valley and Lake region. The temperature has risen slightly in New England and the Middle States, the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys, and fallen alightly in the South Atlantic States and Lower Lake region. Light variable winds prevail in the Southern States and southeast to south-west winds in the Northern States.

For New-England and the Middle Atlantic States, slightly warmer, fair weather, light variable winds. For the South Atlantic States, slight local rains, followed by fair and slightly warmer weather, light variable winds, stationary or lower barometer.

Indications for to-morrow. Fair weather is indicated for the Middle Atlantic States and New-England on Saturday and Sunday, with alight rise in temperature. Generally fair weather is indicated for the latter region and Ohio Valley on Sat-urday and Sunday.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

10URS; Morning. Mgbt. 1,2345678 940 124 20 48 4.7 8 91011

rhe diagram shows the perometrical variations in this city of inches. The perpendicular lines give divisions of time for the preceding midulals. The irregular white line represents the property of the men, are duling those hours. The broken or doctor line line variations in temperature, as indicated by the thermometer and Paramacy, 316 Freedway. TRIBUNE OFFICE, Sept. 15-1 a. m. -The changes in the barometer yesterday were slight. Fair and cloudy weather prevailed. The temperature ranged between 65° and 80°, the average (71%°) being 19° higher than on the corresponding day last year and 4%° higher than on Thursday.

Slightly warmer and clear or fair weather may be expected to-day in this city and vicinity.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES-BY TELEGRAPH.

KILLED WITH A FLAT IRON.

FORT WAYNE, Ind.. Sept. 14.—Pedro Richards, who was recently divorced from his wife, entered her room to-day and stried her with a flat iron.

BUTTE, Mont.. Sept. 14.—Three men. Timby. Ninnes and Littlejohn, were coming out of a 500 foot shaft of the Guynon Mine yeaterday morning. When the care was 300 teet from the bottom, Ninnes fell backward, owning to nervousness, and was crushed into an almost unrecognizable mass.

Hasa. HUSBAND AND WIFE FOUND DEAD.

ASHLAND, Penn., Sept. 14.—William Runyan, a farmer, and his wife were found dead in bed to day at Mill. while, Columbia County, with their throats cut from ear to ear. They had a boarcatily been dead about a week. Some of the nighbors believe that Runyan killed his wife and then countied suded, while others are of the optaton that the counter were murdered by tramps.

Cramps, colic, cholera morbus, sour stomach, diarracea and dysentery are speedily cured by Dr. Jayne's Carminative Balsaca. As a family remedy for disorders of the bowels, so often prevalent in the summer months, it is especially recommended, being prompt to its operation, perfectly safe, and easily administered.

Cinett's Chown Collans and Currs and Monance Sature, Sold by leading dealers. Colente & Co.'s
Violet foilet Water.
For the hand serolled and balls Refreshing.

MARRIED. BROWN-MCENTEE-On Thursday, September 13, 1863, at Bighland Falls, N. Y., by the Rev. Theodore S. Brown, as sisted by the Rev. William C. Curtis, Theodore V. R. Brown to Lair, youngest daugater of the last Charles McEntee, of Roudout, N. Y.

Roudoul, N. 1.
FISKE-SOUTHARD-At Cambridge, Mass., on Wednesday,
September 12. by the Rev. Dr. Briggs, Annie T., daughter
the late Zibeon Southard, of Boston, to Wilson Fiske, of PALMER-PALMER-At "Fair View," residence of Henry M. Palmer, Stonington, Conn., on Wednesday, September 12, by the Rey, Paul Couch, Frank W. Palmer, of New-York, to Eliza Babcock, youngest daughter of the late Aldon Palmer.

All notices of marriages must be indered with fall name and address.

DIED. DOMINICK-Very suddenty, Thursday night, September 13, Grace Byron, only daughter of Marinus W. and Mary A. Grace Byron, only daughter of Marinus W. and Mary A. Bominick, in her of byear, funeral services from her parents' residence, No. 111 St. James-place, Brooklyn, at 1 o'clock Saturday, 15th September.

interment at Elizabeth, N. J.

GUION—At Mariborough, N. Y., September 14, Rebecca Wilsea, daughter of the late Isano Guion, of this city. Notice of funeral hereafter.

HASTINGS—At his residence, Monmouth Beach, Wednesday evening, September 12, Hugh J. Hastings.
Funeral service will take place from the Church of St. Leo, East 28th-8th, near 5th-ave. Saturday, september 15, 9 a.m. Remains will be taken to Albany for interment on the 10:30 a.m. traib. HINES—At the United States Hotel, September 14, Captais Issac Hines, late of the Ss. San Marcos. Notice of Impras agreeding.

Salem papers please copy. HISCOX—On Wednesday, 12th inst., Minnie R., daughter of David Riscox, in her 23d year. Relatives and friends at a taylifed to attend the foneral at the Memorial Church, 30th st., near 3d ave., on Sunday, 16th inst., at 1 p. m.

HUME—On Sunday, Angust 26, at Rossbrackin, Ireland, William Hume, of No. 169 East 80th-st., ared 73 years. Relative sand friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the functal from the Fourierant Street Probyterian Church, corner 14th-st, and 2d-ave, on Satarday, September 15, at 10°clock.

oer 15, at 10 clock.

STONE—At Stonington, Conn., on Thursday, September 13,
Sarah G., wide a of S. E. Stone.

Puneral services from her late real-cence at Stonington, on
Monday, September 17, at 2 o'clock p. m.

Special Nonces.

The Real Estate Record and Guide, 191 BROADWAY.
is published every Saturday. Terms, \$6 yearly. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

Full Lists of all Apartment Houses, with Restals of each Suite-Broutway's Great Fusture—A Migoty Corporation —A REAL Real Estac Exchange—Silvarent—An Architect on Architecture and Alteral—Business Fail-Over the Ticker—Criticism on Jeffreson Market—What the Laborers Want—Concenting Mea and Things—Real Estate Gossip.

ers, this should remind them to send at once for its properties.

Laborers Want—ConcernMea and Things—Real
te Gossin,
ers, this should remind them to send at once for it. A.—Rupture Radically Cured by Dr. Mush's testment Thousands have been cured and relieved. Forty years' pro-tical experience. Only office, 2 Vessy-st., Axior House.

The Genuine is Pond's Extract.

The old reliable medicine of over forty years' standing. Sold only in bott-exincle sed in buff wrappers.

Take no imitation by the measure or in bottles. Buy the genuine and you will never be disappointed.

It is a sure cure.

For INFLAMMATIONS, HEMOGRHAGES, CATARRH, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, &c.

Artistic Memorials.

The NEW-ENGLAND GRANITE WORKS, Hartford, Conn. Quarries and Workshops, Westeriz, R. I.

Fine monumental and building work in Granits. Drawings and estimates furnished without charge, Correspondence in licited. N. Y. Onice, 1,321 B'way. C. W. CANFIELD, Agi.

The Chenpest is Pond's Extract.

Because it can be diluted three or four times its volume with water, and yet be far superior to any other preparation sold as being the "same as" or "equal to" PONO'S EXTRACT. Congress Water.—Superior to all. Cachardo, alterative A specific for disorders on the sto stack, liver, kidneys, ectama, malaria and all impartites of the older.

Avoid crude, harsh waters, "native and foreign." Such waters are positive irritants and impair the diffessive or ring and kidneys.

Home Made Preserves. PURE CURRANT JELLY, SPICED AND CANNED FRUITS, JAMS, JELLES, PICKLES, &C. Housekeepers can get the above articles made from old fashioned home recoipts, and warrants 1 press of salitate orders to

Goods stored until fall; circulars with reservois and private sent on application. The Best is Pond's Extract.

Uniform quality; never sours; pure; strong, and recom-nonded by physicians and hospitals.

Silk Elastic Abdominal Support, Elastic Stockings, Knee Caps and Anklets, for Relief of Vari-cose Veins, Swollen Limbs and Weak Johns, at Dr. MARSH'S Truss Office, 2 Vesey-st., Astor House.

Foreign mails for the week ending September 15 will class at this office as follows: Foreign mails for the wock chains September 28 Neckar at this office as follows:

BATURDAY—At 11 a. m. for Germany, &c., per Sa Neckar via Southampton and Bremes (lettors for Great British and other Enropean countries must be directed used other Enropean countries must be directed used Neckar"), at 12 m. for Europe, per Sa. City of Berlin, via Queenstown; at 12 m. for secoland direct, per Sa. Bolivia, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per Bouvia"); at 1,30 p. m. for Cuba and the West Indies, per Sa. Sarting at 1,30 p. m. for Cuba and the West Indies, per Sa. Sarting at 1,30 p. m. for Cuba and the West Indies, per Sa. Sarting at 1,30 p. m. for Cuba and the West Indies, via St. Thomas, and for Brazil direct, per Sa. Finance, via Newpert Newson Mails for Australia, New-Zealand, Sand wich and Fül Islands, per Sa. City of New-York, via San Francisco, close here September 15 at 7 p. m. Mails for China and Japa, per Sa. Cocanic, via San Francisco, close here September 25 at 7 p. m.

at 7 p. m. HENRY G. PEARSON, Post Post Office, New-York, N. Y., September 7, 1883.

The schedule of closing of trans-Pacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit to han Francisco. Mails from the East arriving on fills as than Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are disputched thanks the same day.